Project Management Beyond the Competency Framework

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Agenda

- 1:30 Acknowledgements / Introduction
- 1:40 The Competency Framework
 - Development
 - How to use the framework with a team
- 1:55 Workshop/Review Feedback
 - Expected level of competencies for PMs
 - Additional skills Technical personal /interpersonal skills or business knowledge
- 2:35 Mentoring a project team
 - Primary personal and business skills
- 2:50 Wrap-up

Acknowledgements

- Walter Wawruck's presentation May 15, 2012:
- "Assessing Project Management Competence" 6 Levels
 - Awareness
 - Knowledge
 - Advanced Knowledge
 - Skill
 - Ability
 - Advanced Ability
- Fraser Health Primary Care a consulting project March – July 2013:

Competency Framework Development – Joan Rabillard, Manager, Georgia Bekiou, Director Darlene Hope-Ross - Consultant

Introduction

- Competency Framework for Primary Care Portfolio
 - Multiple initiatives; various project phases
 - New staff to project roles, some with little or no healthcare experience
 - Project teams augmented by external consultants
 - Standardize project delivery / process improvements
- Build on PMO concepts
 - Improve status reporting to key stakeholders
 - Clarify inter-project and intra-project relationships
- Improve Project Management Maturity
 - Beyond standard language to repeatable processes and predictability of success

The Competency Framework

Step 1: Identify Project Team-Roles and Responsibilities

- Role definition specific to primary care organizational structures:
 - -Operational Managers (Manager & Lead),
 - -Project Managers (Practice Lead & Project Lead),
 - -Evaluators,
 - -Change Managers & Communication Specialists,
 - -Operational Engineers,
 - -Data Analysts,
 - -Project Support

Step 2: Define key elements in each competency group

- A collaborative exercise elaborating Technical, Interpersonal & Personal as well as Business Behaviours to use for all team roles:
 - Technical skills include specialized skills such as those for Evaluator and Change Manager
 - Personal skills in specific areas are emphasized for roles involved with a key stakeholder group (primary care physicians)
 - Business skills often underestimated in roles that have a significant technical requirement such as Data Analysts.

Step 3: Assign expected level of competency in the matrix

- An important collaborative exercise to gain agreement on expectations across the team.
 - The leadership in each role will emphasize the importance of unique competencies compared to other roles:
 - e.g. Change Managers would expect that change management Ability and Advanced Ability (levels 5 & 6) will be available / expected from their resources and others will rarely have (or need) this higher competency level.
 - Obviously this is where the agreement across the leadership is necessary.

Step 4: Assess each resource on its actual level of competency

- The agreed matrix is a tool to gauge each individual's actual level of competency.
- It is also a helpful tool to demonstrate the expected skill levels for the whole team.
- For team members who are not at the expected level, it provides an opportunity to work on increasing the desired competency.
- For team members above their expected skill level, it identifies an opportunity to use their skills to coach / mentor others.

Any Questions So Far?

Workshop/Exercise

Time to complete: 15 - 20 min

2:15 pm

All Tables

As you are completing your task <u>also</u> consider the following:

1. How might you use this tool in mentoring a team member?

2. How would you use this tool to assess the skill for team member?

Each of Tables 1 and 2: PM1

Use the Handouts –

- Handout 1- Representative Competency Behaviours and
- Handout 2 Matrix with all roles

COMPLETE THE WORKSHOP MATRIX FORM (HANDOUT 3) with expected level of competencies for PM 1 (Project Lead) – a senior PM role - discuss at your table to gain consensus

Use the completed skill levels (on this form) for the Manager, Data Analyst and Project Support roles to help you with determining the levels – based on your experience with these or similar roles.

Each of Tables 3 and 4: PM2

Use the Handouts –

- Handout 1- Representative Competency Behaviours and
- Handout 2 Matrix with all roles

COMPLETE THE WORKSHOP MATRIX FORM (HANDOUT 3) with expected level of competencies for PM 2 (Practice Lead) – an intermediate PM role - discuss at your table to gain consensus

Use the completed skill levels (on this form) for the Manager, Data Analyst and Project Support roles to help you with determining the levels – based on your experience with these or similar roles

Table 5: Competency Review

Use the Handouts –

- Handout 1- Representative Competency Behaviours and
- Handout 2 Matrix with all roles

DISCUSS AND REVIEW both handouts and **DOCUMENT** what (if any) key skills are missing for the 2 project management roles:

- -Senior PM (PM 1) and
- -Intermediate PM (PM 2)

Table 6: Competency Review

Use the Handouts –

- Handout 1- Representative Competency Behaviours and
- Handout 2 Matrix with all roles

DISCUSS AND REVIEW both handouts and **DOCUMENT** where you disagree (if you do) with any of the competency levels for PM 1 and PM 2 and why.

Workshop Recap

Time to complete: 15 min

2:30 pm

Tables 1 to 4: Competency Levels

Did you have trouble agreeing at your table on the expected levels of competency for a PM?

What were the skills that were most difficult?

Table 5: Missing Skills?

Table 6: Expected Competency Levels

Mentoring

All

- Who thinks a tool like this would be helpful in assessing skill levels
- for a PM?
- for other project team members?
- Who thinks a tool like this would be helpful in mentoring
- a PM?
- other project team members?

Mentoring Discussion (from handout #2)

- On the last row of the matrix, there are "scores" for each skill level
- These scores are the <u>number of roles</u> where the expected competency level is 5 or 6, i.e. there should be a team member at (or above) the skill level and could help to mentor or coach other team members.
- It also shows skills where there may be a shortage of internal team members with the ability to help others, (may need a SME to help).

Mentoring Discussion (continued)

- Clearly mentoring is only one of the mechanisms to help staff gain / improve competency.
- Technical skills are typically the most easily gained through formal courses / certifications.
- The "soft" skills are often the ones that move project teams to a higher level of project maturity. These must be supported and commitments made by the more senior / executive levels of an organization.

Mentoring and Coaching

- Business skills are where project teams gain credibility in the organization.
- Often (and particularly in healthcare) the perception is that you must have worked on "the front line" (you must have a clinical background).
- Coaching and mentoring might be best done by SMEs. It might help (on a limited basis) to take on some operational tasks (but this requires caution you cannot become an operational staff member in the long term).

Final Questions and Wrap Up

• Remember – a fool with a tool is still a fool.

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